The





Google Chrome

Google+ and Mobile Data Security

A Webinar Series On Google's Online Tools for improved Productivity and Communication

Handouts and Downloads

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Subject: Chrome 2016



Google Chrome Browser Features:

- A freeware Internet browser, introduced in 2008 in 43 languages
- A 62% worldwide user average
- Chrome allows users to synchronize their bookmarks, history, and settings across all devices with the browser installed
- Google Safe Browsing warns users when they attempt to visit a site flagged as potentially harmful.
- Google introduced download scanning protection to guard from malware
- The private browsing feature called Incognito mode prevents the browser from permanently storing any history information or cookies from the websites visited
- the Chrome Web Store, a one-stop web-based web applications directory
- Google Chrome Extensions are browser extensions that modify the Google Chrome browser



Google+ Network Features:

- Primarily introduced as a social media network
- Replaced 4 previous attempts (Google Buzz, Friend Connect & Orkut)
- Considered now more as a social layer across all of Google's services
- A Google+ User profile is a public visible account of a user that is attached to many Google properties
- Circles is a core feature of the Google+ Social Platform. It enables users to organize people into groups or lists for sharing across various Google products and services.
- Google+ profiles are used as the background account for many Google Services including YouTube, Gmail, Google Maps, Android, Google Play, Google Music, Google Voice, Google Wallet, Google Local and more



Online Dangers:

- Phishing is the attempt to obtain sensitive information such as usernames, passwords, and credit card details by masquerading as a trustworthy entity in an electronic communication
- Malware is any software used to disrupt computer operations, gather sensitive information, gain access to private computer systems, or display unwanted advertising
- Spyware is software that aims to gather information about a person or organization without their knowledge and that may send such information to another entity without the consumer's consent.
- Ransomware is computer malware that installs covertly on a computer, executes an attack and demands a ransom payment to restore it
- Adware is frequently used to describe a form of malware which presents unwanted advertisements to a computer.[21][22] The ads are sometimes in the form of a pop-up or in an "unclosable window
- A Virus is a malware that, when executed, replicates by reproducing itself or infecting other programs by modifying them, infecting computer programs



Online Safety and Data Security



This operating system is locked due to the violation of the federal laws of the United States of America! (Article 1, Section 8, Clause 8; Article 202; Article 210 of the Criminal Code of U.S.A. provides for a deprivation of liberty for four to twelve years.)

Following violations were detected:

Your IP address was used to visit websites containing pornography, child pornography, zoophilia and child abuse. Your computer also contains video files with pornographic content, elements of violence and child pornography! Spam-messages with terrorist motives were also sent from your computer.

This computer lock is aimed to stop your illegal activity.

To unlock the computer you are obliged to pay a fine of \$200.

You have 72 hours to pay the fine, otherwise you will be arrested.

You must pay the fine through MoneyPak:

To pay the fine, you should enter the digits resulting code, which is located on the back of your Moneypak, in the payment form and press OK (if you have several codes, enter them one after the other and press

If an error occurs, send the codes to address fine@fbi.gov.













How To Protect Yourself:

- Phishing- Never open suspicious looking emails, even if the sender seems familiar.
 Beware of clicking onto ads and posts in social media that look ridiculous or far-fetched
- Malware- Only download apps from a reputable source. Read carefully before tapping links on an Internet site or search engine
- **Spyware-** Use the same protections as for malware; never accept invites from unknown persons or open pop-ups or drop-down windows.
- Ransomware comes from many strange sources. You may end up having to pay to get restored. Back up your computer often, using external drives or online apps such as Carbonite.
- Adware- avoid tapping on lots of foreign sites and links, but also don't always allow a site to access your location.
- **Virus-** install a virus protection software onto your computers. Buy one that frequently updates the software.
- Add an Ad-Blocker to your browser to safeguard you from malware
- Don't log into secure sites on public Wi-Fi
- Use 2-Step Verification to log in to your secure data sites
- Know which devices connect to your accounts, and where they are
- Change your passwords regularly, and whenever you feel uncomfortable

Online Safety and Data Security



- VPN- Virtual Private Network
- A connection to a remote server for a more secure Internet connection
- Use the hotel or restaurant Wi-Fi to access your VPN
- Can protect you from malware and phishing while streaming
- Cloaks your Internet address from tracking by advertisers, etc.
- Connect your browser to the VPN, not the Starbucks, cannot be traced
- Subscribe to a VPN service (- \$6 per month) or use your home network

Here is a good article from <u>PC Magazine</u>, May 2016:

The Best VPN Services of 2016

Questions?

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Thank You!